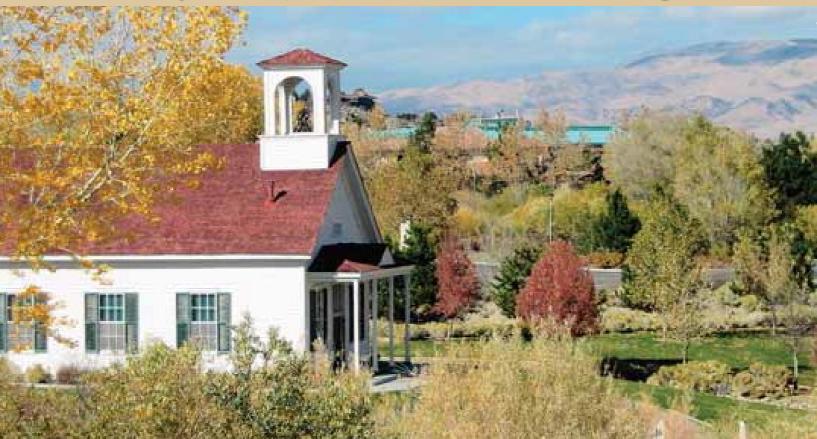
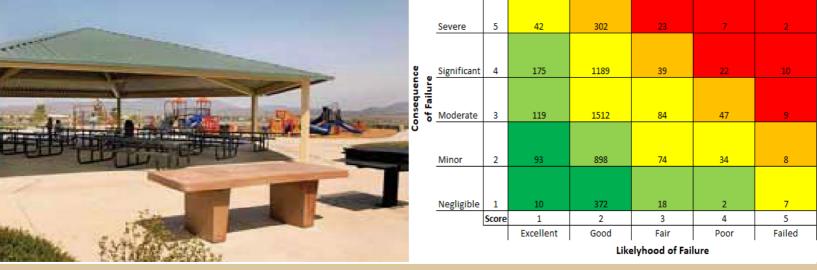
WASHOE COUNTY REGIONAL PARKS AND OPEN SPACE

Amenity Condition, Risk, and Renovation Prioritization Program







COMMUNITY

SERVICES DEPARTMENT

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BACKGROUND

Washoe County Regional Parks and Open Space mission is to provide exceptional parks and open space and recreational opportunities while preserving our natural, historical and cultural resources. Parks and open space significantly benefit our communities' physical, mental, and economic health. Parks decrease rates of depression, increase property values, attract tourists, provide sustainable ecosystems, and help to mitigate flooding. Quality of life overall is improved by access to safe, open, and clean parks. This has been especially true during the COVID-19 pandemic, when park attendance reached an all-time high as people sought a respite from the indoors. The pandemic also came at a time when staff were still battling the impacts of the 2007-2017 budget cuts. Because of this, infrastructure preservation has been largely a reactive endeavor. In the next 15 years many amenities are expected to reach the end of their useful life and will need to be replaced, renovated, or removed so they do not become a safety hazard. In 2016, Washoe County Regional Parks and Open Space (Parks) identified Park Infrastructure Preservation and Asset Protection as an integral part to Parks' mission. In 2018 Parks launched their Asset Management Program, whose goal is to minimize the total cost of ownership while delivering the level of service citizens desired. This Amenity Condition and Renovation Prioritization Program Report outlines the steps currently being taken to support that goal.

Parks maintains a variety of asset classes, which include pathways, parking lots, ornamental trees, buildings, trails, turf, foot bridges, aquatics facilities, native vegetation, and amenities. This report focuses on amenities, which are the outdoor fixed assets listed in table 1, and does not yet include playgrounds, pools, parking lots, irrigation, turf, pathways, and fencing. As the Asset Management Program grows and matures, other asset classes will be reported on as well.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Amenities provide significant value to Park customers. The importance of a bench or picnic shelter is often overlooked when clean and available but when they fall into disrepair, they are not only a nuisance but also a safety risk. Amenities are a major interaction point of customers with Parks and are a representation of how customers should treat and fund the parks. This report outlines the data driven approach Parks is using to prioritize limited resources in order to create the most value.

Quick Facts about Washoe County Park Amenities

- Typical Amenities Include Picnic Tables, Signs, Benches, Ect.
- \$6,547,469 Total Estimated Amenity Value
- 7% Percent of Park Assets By Value
- **B**+ Average Condition
- \$934,485 Current Labor and Material Capital Needs
- **\$57,293** Current Labor and Material Capital Needs on High Risk Amenities
- \$1,350,000 Annual Labor and Material Capital Needs to Stay at a B+
- 12.4% Average Annual Park Attendance Increase
- **20%** Park Attendance Increase Due to COVID-19

ASSET INVENTORY

Park amenity data has been compiled over time, through a variety of methods. Some amenities being measured and recorded in the field, while other data has been recorded using a combination of aerial photography and GIS technology. Updating the inventory is ongoing, but the most recent full scale update was completed during the summer of 2020 and coincided with the amenity condition assessment. It is important to note that the park amenities inventory represents a snapshot in time and that park development, park upgrades, and data refinement efforts will influence inventory over time. The table below outlines the amenity types included in this study, their counts, their individual replacement costs, and total replacement cost in inventory.

| Amenity Type | Total # | Average Cost | Total Replacement Cost |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Picnic Table | 1063 | \$1,700 | \$1,807,100 |
| Sign | 886 | \$599 | \$530,714 |
| Bench | 624 | \$750 | \$468,000 |
| Bollard | 383 | \$60 | \$22,980 |
| Other | 341 | \$216 | \$73,510 |
| Light Pole | 285 | \$1,500 | \$427,500 |
| BBQ | 253 | \$239 | \$60,467 |
| Garbage Can | 186 | \$526 | \$97,836 |
| Gate | 161 | \$200 | \$32,200 |
| Maintenance structures | 91 | \$450 | \$40,950 |
| Garbage can, Bear-Proof | 73 | \$868 | \$63,364 |
| Picnic Shelter | 73 | \$11,354 | \$828,820 |
| Frost-Free Hydrant | 66 | \$250 | \$16,500 |
| Bleachers | 65 | \$3,995 | \$259,675 |
| Drinking Fountain | 60 | \$2,595 | \$155,700 |
| Dugout | 58 | \$4,500 | \$261,000 |
| Horseshoe Court | 46 | \$750 | \$34,500 |
| Mutt mitt container | 43 | \$150 | \$6,450 |
| Bike Rack | 40 | \$450 | \$18,000 |
| Pitching Cage | 34 | \$869 | \$29,546 |
| Kiosks | 30 | \$1,800 | \$54,000 |
| Plaque | 27 | \$300 | \$8,100 |
| Tennis Court | 20 | \$12,500 | \$250,000 |
| Volleyball Court | 19 | \$4,500 | \$85,500 |
| Basketball Court | 16 | \$35,000 | \$560,000 |
| Flagpole | 14 | \$807 | \$11,298 |
| Fire Hydrant | 13 | \$950 | \$12,350 |
| Pergola | 11 | \$3,624 | \$39,860 |
| Donation Box | 9 | \$40 | \$360 |
| Announcer's Booth | 7 | \$500 | \$3,500 |
| Fishing Pier | 6 | \$2,000 | \$12,000 |
| Batting Cage | 6 | \$869 | \$5,214 |
| Horse Arena | 4 | \$56,100 | \$224,400 |
| Ashtray | 3 | \$25 | \$75 |
| Skate Park | 3 | \$15,000 | \$45,000 |
| Stage | 1 | \$500 | \$500 |
| Boat Ramp | 1 | \$500 | \$500 |
| - | Fotal 5049 | | \$6,547,469 |

Table 1: Amenity Count and Replacement Cost

CONDITION OF AMENITIES

Park Condition Assessment Process

The Park Condition Assessment (PCA) is a key factor to establishing a strategic capital replacement and infrastructure preservation plan. A PCA evaluates each asset's current needs, defects, and condition. Table 2 depicts the Amenity Condition Rubric used to evaluate and score each asset. During the summer of 2020, Washoe County Parks conducted a PCA on all park amenities using and a tablet computer with a custom Collector for ArcGIS mapping application.

| Condition Description | Description | ldentifier |
|--|---|---|
| Excellent - No Needs | As new - no need for intervention. No risk to public safety. | \$0.00 |
| Good - Requires Routine Maintenance | Some sign of wear and tear - no immediate intervention required. Minor defects only. Minor maintenance required. Note for review at next inspection. | 2 Labor Hours * |
| Fair - Requires Minor Repairs | Some areas of defects - generally able to be addressed through routine/scheduled maintenance required to return to accepted Level of Service. Some risk to public safety and amenity. | 3 Labor Hours * 10% asset costs in replacement parts |
| Poor - Requires Major Repairs | Poor condition - extensive wear and tear – requiring replacement of large sections. Significant risk to public safety and amenity. | 4 Labor Hours * 50% asset costs in replacement parts |
| Failed – Unserviceable, needs replacement | Significant defects - both in terms of severity and extent. Requires replacement of significant part if not all of asset. High risk to public safety and amenity. | 5 Labor Hours * 110% asset costs in replacement parts |
| *Labor Hours = Maintenanc | e II fully burdened labor, \$42.41/hour | · |

Table 2: Amenity Condition Rubric

Condition Results

Overall, Park Amenities scored an average grade of B+, with 83.82% of the 5,079 amenities only needing routine maintenance. A fairly small amount of amenities are Poor or Failed, 2.91%. This equates to a \$934,485 labor and parts needed to maintain, repair, and restore amenities to an "Excellent" condition.

Summary

- Bleachers, Dugouts, Tennis Courts, Pergolas, and Donation Boxes scored highest overall, an average grade of "A".
- Volleyball Courts, Horse Arenas, and Ash Trays scored lowest overall, with an average grade of "B".
- Ballardini Trailhead, Slide Mountain Trailhead, and Thomas Creek Park scored highest overall, an average grade of "A".
- Swan Lake Nature Study Area and Silver Lake Open Space scored lowest overall.

The conditions scores generally corresponded to the age of the amenities, with some exceptions. Swan Lake Nature Study Area and Silver Lake Open Space were affected by recent flooding, which caused many amenities to become inaccessible and fail.

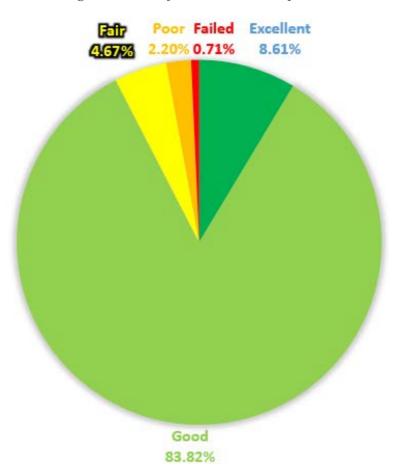




Table 3: Amenity Condition Results by Asset Class

| Ũ | Ŭ | | Condition Break Down Excelle | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Excelle | | | _ | | | | | |
| Amenity Type | \$ Needs | Grade | nt | Good | Fair | Poor | Failed | | | | |
| Picnic Table | \$208,336 | B + | 8% | 85% | 5% | 2% | 0% | | | | |
| Sign | \$164,230 | B + | 10% | 79% | 6% | 4% | 1% | | | | |
| Bench | \$119,324 | B + | 13% | 75% | 7% | 5% | 1% | | | | |
| Bollard | \$66,681 | B + | 2% | 93% | 2% | 1% | 1% | | | | |
| Other | \$56,173 | A - | 5% | 93% | 1% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| BBQ | \$46,572 | B + | 3% | 91% | 3% | 1% | 2% | | | | |
| Light Pole | \$43,427 | A - | 10% | 90% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Garbage Can | \$32,253 | B + | 7% | 83% | 10% | 1% | 0% | | | | |
| Gate | \$28,796 | B + | 7% | 81% | 7% | 4% | 1% | | | | |
| Maintenance | | B + | | | | | | | | | |
| structures | \$17,296 | | 4% | 85% | 9% | 0% | 2% | | | | |
| Drinking Fountain | \$17,259 | B + | 3% | 85% | 7% | 3% | 2% | | | | |
| Garbage can, Bear- | 610.014 | А- | 10/ | 000/ | 00/ | 00/ | 00/ | | | | |
| Proof | \$12,214 | | 1% | 99% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Picnic Shelter | \$11,555 | <u>B+</u> | 14% | 74% | 11% | 1% | 0% | | | | |
| Volleyball Court | \$10,507 | B | 16% | 63% | 5% | 16% | 0% | | | | |
| Bleachers | \$10,454 | A | 29% | 68% | 2% | 2% | 0% | | | | |
| Frost-Free Hydrant | \$10,178 | A - | 9% | 91% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Basketball Court | \$9,544 | B + | 13% | 75% | 13% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Horseshoe Court | \$9,362 | B + | 0% | 91% | 7% | 0% | 2% | | | | |
| Dugout | \$8,677 | A - | 17% | 81% | 2% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Mutt mitt container | \$8,342 | B + | 5% | 77% | 14% | 5% | 0% | | | | |
| Kiosks | \$6,634 | B + | 17% | 63% | 17% | 3% | 0% | | | | |
| Bike Rack | \$6,107 | A - | 10% | 90% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Tennis Court | \$6,040 | Α | 40% | 45% | 15% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Pitching Cage | \$5,767 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Plaque | \$4,731 | B + | 22% | 70% | 0% | 0% | 7% | | | | |
| Fire Hydrant | \$2,205 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Flagpole | \$2,201 | A - | 14% | 79 % | 7% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Skate Park | \$1,976 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Pergola | \$1,357 | Α | 27% | 73% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Announcer's Booth | \$1,276 | B + | 0% | 86% | 14% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Donation Box | \$1,187 | Α | 22% | 78% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Fishing Pier | \$1,017 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Batting Cage | \$1,017 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Horse Arena | \$763 | В | 0% | 75% | 25 % | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Ashtray | \$703 | В | 0% | 67% | 0% | 33% | 0% | | | | |
| Stage | \$169 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |
| Boat Ramp | \$169 | B + | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | | |

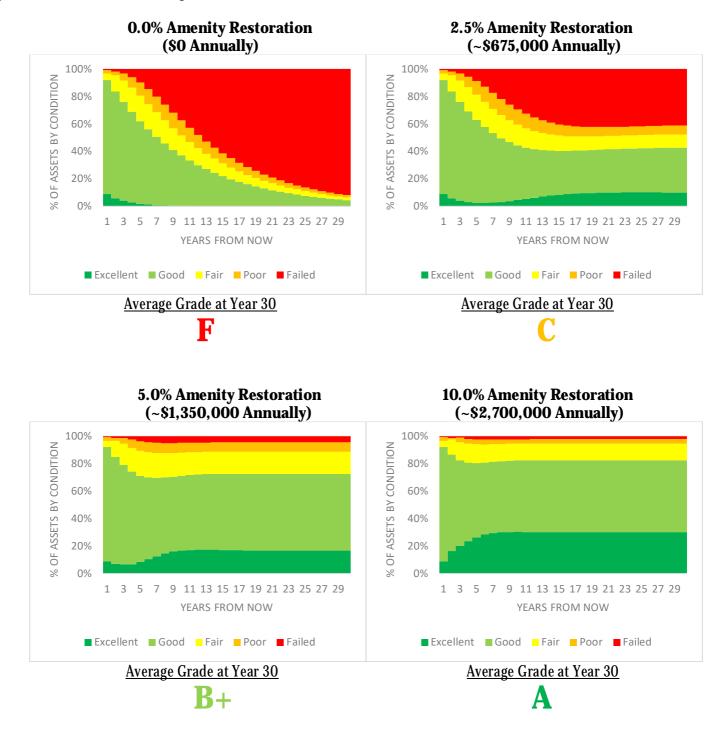
| Table 4: Amenity Condition and Capital Nee | as Results | by Park | |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------|
| DADY | | | Total Capital |
| PARK | Total # | Grade | Needs |
| AMBROSE PARK | 6 | B | \$1,017 |
| ANDERSON PARK | 46 | B + | \$8,775 |
| ARROWCREEK PARK | 53 | B + | \$10,274 |
| AUDREY HARRIS PARK | 11 | A | \$1,017 |
| BAILEY CREEK PARK | 31 | B + | \$9,655 |
| BALLARDINI OPEN SPACE | 33 | A | \$1,671 |
| BARTLEY RANCH REGIONAL PARK | 181 | B+ | \$32,023 |
| BETSY CAUGHLIN DONNELLY PARK | 15 | B + | \$2,479 |
| BOWERS MANSION REGIONAL PARK | 227 | B + | \$40,566 |
| BROWNS CREEK TRAILHEAD | 2 | A | \$169 |
| BROWN'S CREEK TRAILHEAD | 3 | B | \$628 |
| COLD SPRINGS PARK | 57 | B | \$14,547 |
| CRYSTAL PEAK PARK | 62 | B + | \$11,631 |
| DAVIS CREEK REGIONAL PARK | 412 | B + | \$70,266 |
| DESERT WINDS PARK | 32 | B + | \$5,622 |
| DOROSTKAR PARK | 27 | B + | \$4,766 |
| EAGLE CANYON PARK | 132 | A - | \$22,532 |
| EAST KEYSTONE CANYON TRAILHEAD | 9 | B + | \$1,646 |
| ELLEN'S PARK | 24 | B | \$11,378 |
| FOREST PARK | 68 | В | \$19,576 |
| GALENA CREEK RECREATION AREA | 72 | Α | \$8,287 |
| GALENA CREEK REGIONAL PARK | 303 | A - | \$46,047 |
| GATOR SWAMP PARK | 47 | В | \$9,830 |
| GOLDEN VALLEY PARK | 38 | B + | \$8,039 |
| HIDDEN VALLEY REGIONAL PARK | 149 | В | \$46,583 |
| HUFFAKER HILLS TRAILHEAD | 11 | В | \$3,248 |
| LAZY 5 REGIONAL PARK | 278 | B + | \$50,471 |
| LEMMON VALLEY HORSEMAN'S | | В | |
| ARENA | 36 | | \$7,767 |
| LEMMON VALLEY PARK | 81 | B + | \$14,045 |
| LOCKWOOD TRAILHEAD | 39 | B + | \$7,045 |
| MARTIN LUTHER KING JR MEMORIAL | | B + | |
| PARK | 15 | DT | \$2,689 |
| MAYBERRY PARK | 40 | В | \$8,183 |
| MICHAEL D. THOMPSON TRAILHEAD | 21 | A - | \$3,053 |
| MOGUL PARK | 22 | A - | \$5,591 |
| NEW WASHOE CITY PARK | 21 | В | \$6,438 |
| NORTH VALLEYS REGIONAL PARK | 301 | A - | \$44,078 |
| PAH RAH INTERPRETIVE TRAIL | 6 | B + | \$1,017 |
| PAH RAH TRAILHEAD | 45 | A - | \$7,454 |
| PHILLIP ANNIE CALLAHAN PARK | 1 | B + | \$169 |
| PHILLIP & ANNIE CALLAHAN PARK | 34 | B + | \$6,825 |
| PLEASANT VALLEY PARK | 9 | B + | \$1,526 |
| RANCHO SAN RAFAEL REGIONAL PARK | 851 | A - | \$145,848 |
| REGIONAL ARCHERY FACILITY | 92 | A - | \$15,097 |
| SADDLEHORN PARK | 12 | В | \$4,394 |
| SIERRA ROCK PARK | 37 | A - | \$5,684 |
| SIERRA SAGE GOLF COURSE | 1 | B + | \$169 |
| SILVER KNOLLS PARK | 221 | B + | \$44,184 |
| SILVER LAKE OPEN SPACE | 3 | С | \$1,573 |
| SLIDE MOUNTAIN TRAILHEAD | 15 | A | \$1,427 |
| SOUTH VALLEYS REGIONAL PARK | 257 | A - | \$44,250 |
| SUN VALLEY REGIONAL PARK | 143 | B + | \$24,553 |
| | | | <i>4.</i> 1,000 |

 Table 4: Amenity Condition and Capital Needs Results by Park

| | | | Total Capital |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|---------------|
| PARK | Total # | Grade | Needs |
| SWAN LAKE NATURE STUDY AREA | 73 | C + | \$27,326 |
| THOMAS CREEK PARK | 26 | A - | \$3,502 |
| VILLAGE CENTER PARK | 76 | A - | \$12,703 |
| VIRGINIA FOOTHILLS PARK | 64 | В | \$14,582 |
| WASHOE GOLF COURSE | 23 | B + | \$4,031 |
| WASHOE TENNIS CENTER | 41 | B + | \$9,542 |
| WHITES CREEK OPEN SPACE | 1 | B + | \$169 |
| WHITES CREEK PARK | 20 | B + | \$4,412 |
| WILSON COMMONS PARK | 65 | B + | \$12,416 |

FUTURE FUNDING'S IMPACT ON AMENITY CONDITION

Labor and material resources have a direct impact on amenity condition. The predictive model scenarios below depict expected asset condition based on deterioration rates and infrastructure preservation funding. Without any funding, the model predicts 50% asset failure in 12 years and an average condition grade of "F" at year 30. In order to keep all assets in a grade of "A" the annual funding is estimated at \$2.7 Million.



DEMAND/ PARK ATTENDANCE

Park attendance at larger regional parks have been measured using car counters. From 2016 to 2019 there has been a steady increase of 12.4% per year (5,278 users per month). But during early 2020, parks saw an average increase of 20% compared to early 2019. The largest increase was at Hidden Valley Regional Park, which had an increase of 261%. Most parks saw an increase but some parks trended down. South Valley Regional Park attendance decrease by 58%, which can most likely be attributed to mandates prohibiting specific usage like sports, pools, and rentable facilities.

% change in attendance, early 2020 compared to early 2019:

- +261% Hidden Valley
- +260% Bartley Ranch
- +46% Davis Creek
- +10% Galena Creek
- +4% Truckee River Green Belt
- -3% Lazy 5
- -17% Bowers Mansion
- -58% South Valley Regional Park

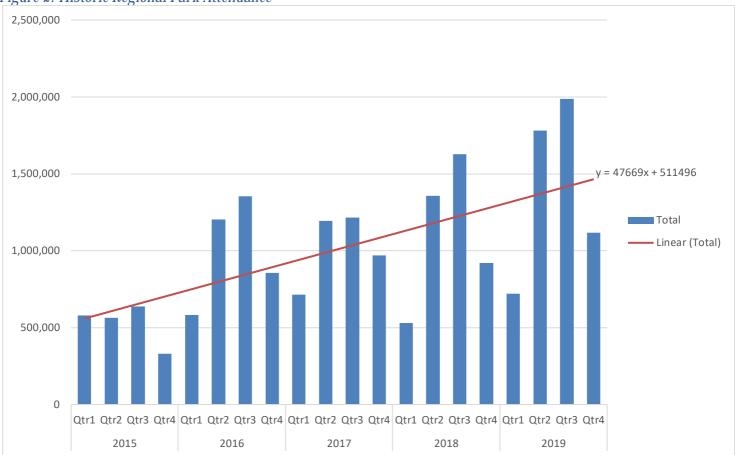


Figure 2: Historic Regional Park Attendance



Figure 3: Hidden Valley Regional Park Attendance



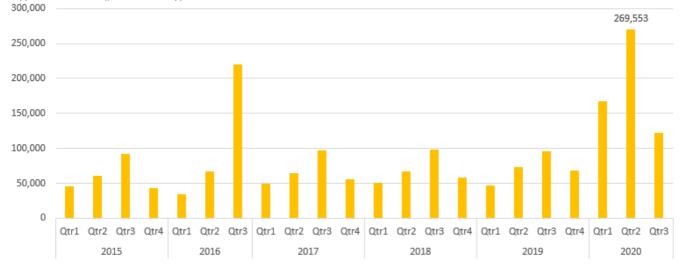




Figure 5: South Valley Regional Park Attendance

12 Washoe County Park Amenity Condition, Risk, and Renovation Prioritization Program

RISK ANALYSIS

With needs consistently increasing and limited resources, Parks is forced to prioritize the allocation of limited resources. Optimal allocation is accomplish using a risk based approach. Risk is a factor of the asset's condition and the asset's consequences of failure. Asset condition was captured using an in person inspection and consequence of failure was calculated using these 3 categories:

- Safety; what safety risk does the asset pose to the customer if the asset failed?
- Importance; how disappointed would customers be if the asset failed?
- Park Attendance; how many customers are likely to be impacted if the asset failed?

Because these categories are not created equal, they were weighted. The weighted consequences of failure were multiplied by the condition, aka likelihood of failure, to arrive at individual risk score. The results were grouped into Low to High risk categories based on their scores, which are profiled below. Using these risk scores, we can see that there is roughly \$500,000 in assets that are at a medium-high to high risk of eroding value.

Risk Profile by Number of Assets

| Grand Total | 5,098 | | | | I | Likelyhood of Failure | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|-----|-------------|-------|-----------------------|------|------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | Excellent | Good | Fair | Poor | Failed | | | | |
| Low | 475 | 9.3% | | | Score | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | | |
| Med-Low | 1,212 | 23.8% | ŏ | Negligible | 1 | 10 | 372 | 18 | 2 | 7 | | | | |
| Med | 2,942 | 57.7% | of | Minor | 2 | 93 | 898 | 74 | 34 | 8 | | | | |
| Med-High | 396 | 7.8% | | Moderate | 3 | 119 | 1512 | 84 | 47 | 9 | | | | |
| High | 73 | 1.4% | uen | Significant | 4 | 175 | 1189 | 39 | 22 | 10 | | | | |
| Risk | Total | % | Š, | Severe | 5 | 42 | 302 | 23 | 7 | 2 | | | | |

Risk Profile by Replacement Cost

| Grand Total \$5,863,501 Likelyhood of Failure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------|-------|-----|----------|-------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|---------|--------------|----|--------|
| | | | | | | | | Excellent | | Good | | Fair | Poor | F | ailed |
| Low | \$ | 302,741 | 5.2% | | | Score | 2 | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | 4 | | 5 |
| Med-Low | \$ | 1,843,063 | 31.4% | ŭ | Negligi | ole 1 | \$ | 5,430 | \$ | 76,251 | \$ | 12,980 | \$ 1,825 | \$ | 2,130 |
| Med | \$ | 3,232,868 | 55.1% | ŝ | Hinor | 2 | \$ | 221,060 | \$ | 1,419,633 | \$ | 172,204 | \$ 31,684 | \$ | 4,792 |
| Med-High | \$ | 423,617 | 7.2% | edi | Modera | te 3 | \$ | 115,386 | \$ | 1,584,839 | \$ | 86,491 | \$ 48,830 | \$ | 3,387 |
| High | \$ | 61,212 | 1.0% | P | Signific | ant 4 | \$ | 293,239 | \$ | 1,310,170 | \$ | 36,682 | \$ 21,984 | \$ | 12,285 |
| Risk | _ | Total | % | Ce | Severe | 5 | \$ | 45,350 | \$ | 333,313 | \$ | 18,378 | \$ 4,700 | \$ | 478 |

Risk Profile by Repair Needs

| | Grand Total \$ 951,199 Likelyhood of Failure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---------|-------|-----|----|-------------|-------|----|-----------|----|---------|----|--------|--------------|----|--------|
| | | | | | | | | E | Excellent | | Good | | Fair | Poor | F | ailed |
| Low \$ | \$ | 63,106 | 6.6% | | | | Score | | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | 4 | | 5 |
| Med-Low \$ | \$ | 160,751 | 16.9% | ŭ | | Negligible | 1 | \$ | - | \$ | 63,106 | \$ | 5,832 | \$ 1,604 | \$ | 5,312 |
| Med \$ | \$ | 555,849 | 58.4% | suc | £ | Minor | 2 | \$ | - | \$ | 153,315 | \$ | 34,786 | \$ 27,471 | \$ | 8,664 |
| Med-High \$ | 5 | 114,200 | 12.0% | edi | .e | Moderate | 3 | \$ | - | \$ | 256,985 | \$ | 29,593 | \$ 40,712 | \$ | 7,543 |
| High \$ | 5 | 57,293 | 6.0% | hen | 'n | Significant | 4 | \$ | - | \$ | 201,702 | \$ | 13,592 | \$ 18,207 | \$ | 17,755 |
| Risk | | Total | % | Ce | a | Severe | 5 | \$ | - | \$ | 51,231 | \$ | 7,690 | \$ 4,725 | \$ | 1,374 |

SUMMARY

In order to keep up with deteriorating assets, growing demands, and flat funding Washoe County Parks is leveraging technology, asset management best practices, and data driven decision making. Parks is able to better understand what they own, what condition it is in, what risk it poses, what funding is needed, and how to create the most value with the available resources. To provide the most value, infrastructure preservation spending is being prioritized based on objective risk and customer expectations. This report highlights the wonderful job staff has accomplished thus far but also the challenges that lay ahead.



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